Impact of the antipoverty program of microcredit on the poor and vulnerable

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- Using single cross-section data from the Vietnam Household Living Standard Survey in 2002, the paper find:
 - The proportion of the chronically poor and vulnerable is higher in poor regions.
 - The micro-credit program has reached the structurally and stochastically poor, and the vulnerable quite well. However the coverage rate is still limited.
 - Participants in the program are more likely to have a cow/buffalo. But no clear impact of the program on longterm outcome of the participants are found.
 - Great cautions in interpreting the results since single crosssection data cannot avoid problems of contemporaneous programs and program selection based on unobserved variables. Thus panel data would produce more robust results.